# ISIONIAS 16<sup>th</sup> MAY, 2024 NS

# UNEP launched Phasing out mercury measuring devices in healthcare project

It is \$134-million initiative led by UN Environment Programme (UNEP).

**About Project** 

- Aim
  - Phase out mercury thermometers and sphygmomanometers at a rate of 20% annually, and reduce mercury spillages. Encourage adoption of accurate, affordable and safe mercury-free alternatives, while improving management of mercurycontaining medical waste.
- Member countries: Albania, Burkina Faso, India, Montenegro, and Uganda.
- Funding: By Global Environment Facility. >
- **Execution:** By World Health Organisation.

#### About Mercury

- It is a naturally occurring element found in air, water and soil. >
- It is the only metal which is found in liquid state at room > temperature.
- It is a persistent, bio-accumulative, toxic pollutant.
- All humans are exposed to low levels of mercury.
  - Several countries and international organizations have established reference levels for daily or weekly methyl-mercury or mercury intakes that are estimated to be safe (or without appreciable risk to health).
- Sources: Gold mining, Coal-based thermal power plant, Volcanic emissions, etc.

#### Minamata Convention on Mercury

- Adopted in 2013 at Kumamoto (Japan) and came into force in > 2017.
- 1<sup>st</sup> global legally binding treaty to protect human health and > environment from adverse effects of mercury.
- > Purpose:
  - Ban on new mercury mines,
  - € phase-out of existing ones,
  - € phase-out and phase-down of mercury use in products and processes.
- Named after the city in Japan that became the epicentre of Minamata disease, caused by severe mercury poisoning.
- India ratified it in 2018. >

- Effect:
  - Toxic effects on nervous, digestive and immune systems, lungs, kidneys, skin and eyes.
    - Minamata disease is a chronic neurological disorder caused by methyl-mercury, a heavy metal with many industrial uses.
  - O When released into environment, it accumulates in water laid sediments where it converts into toxic methyl-mercury and enters food chain.

# Draft Digital Competition Bill (DCB) 2024: Stakeholders Seek Extension for feedback

DCB aims to regulate Systemically Significant Digital Enterprise (SSDE) and their Associate Digital Enterprises (ADEs) to prevent Anti-Competitive Practices (ACPs) by them.

> DCB takes a leaf out of the Digital Markets Act (DMA) of the European Union, introduced to prevent ACP of tech giants like Google, Facebook, and Amazon.

#### **Key provisions**

- Ex-Ante Regulation: Facilitates Competition Commission of India (CCI) to intervene to prevent any potential ACPs from occurring.
- Core Digital Services (CDS): These are services that are susceptible to market concentration and included in a predefined list outlined in Schedule I.
- SSDE: Provides criteria for SSDE and also empowers CCI to designate an enterprise as an SSDE if it has a significant market presence in CDS.
- **Obligations of SSDEs:** 
  - To report to the CCI about their ADEs which are directly or indirectly involved in the provision of the CDS.
  - ● Also, SSDEs are prohibited from giving preference to their
     products/ services, relying on non-public data of business users operating on its CDS, and impeding the ability of end users to download, install, operate or use third-party applications.
- Covers enterprise outside India: CCI has the power to cause an inquiry against such enterprise for non-compliance with this Act or rules or regulations framed thereunder

#### **Need for DCB**

- > The current ex-post framework (intervening after an event occurs) under the Competition Act, 2002, does not facilitate timely redressal of anti-competitive conduct by digital enterprises.
- The present framework may not be effective in addressing the > irreversible tipping of markets (permanent dominance of a firm) in favour of large digital enterprises.
- Prevalence of practice of collection of user data, self-> preferencing (i.e., platform favours its services), etc. by big tech giants.

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To support an orderly expansion of the digital ecosystem.



# Indian Ocean: IORA's role Critical amidst heightened presence of global powers

IORA's significance is expected to increase with the **rising presence of Non-Resident global powers** like US (have military base in Diego Garcia Island), Russia (conducts military exercise with Myanmar) in the Indian Ocean Region (IOR).

#### Reasons for enhanced presence of global Powers in IOR

- Maritime choke points: For example, the Strait of Hormuz and the Strait of Malacca are essential for the free flow of trade, energy, and free movement to ensure security.
- Geostrategic competition: Emergence of Indo-Pacific as an integrated maritime theatre, due to competing interests of China and other democracies advocating for a rules-based order in the Indo-Pacific.
- Pursuance of Blue Economy: Home to a third of the global population, the IOR's littoral States (mostly developing) depend heavily on marine resources.
  - This presents substantial opportunities for sustainable economic and livelihood development.

#### **Challenges in the IOR**

- > Naval aggressions from China.
- Small countries depend on external powers for security due to regional power imbalances which also prevent optimal regional cooperation.
- Re-emergence of security issues like piracy and maritime terrorism.

#### **Role of IORA**

- IORA is the only multilateral grouping that spans the entire Indian Ocean.
- Offers a space for inclusive diplomacy, allowing member states greater agency in negotiations.
- Together with India's SAGAR initiative, it can be a potential counter to China led 'China-Indian Ocean Region (IOR) Forum'.

#### Indian Ocean Rim Association (IORA)

- Secretariat: Mauritius
- Genesis: An inter-governmental organisation established in 1997 and based on the vision of Nelson Mandela.
- Aim: Strengthening regional cooperation and sustainable development within IOR.
- Members: 23 members within IOR (including India).
- Apex body: Council of Foreign Ministers (COM) which meets annually.
- 6 priority areas
  - Maritime Safety & Security

  - Fisheries Management
  - Disaster Risk Management
- 'IORA's Outlook on the Indo-Pacific': A consensus document adopted in 2022 (proposed by India) which calls for adherence to 1982 UNCLOS and other relevant UN treaties.

### WHO prequalifies new dengue vaccine TAK-003

Developed by Japan's pharma company Takeda, TAK-003 is a **live-attenuated vaccine** containing **weakened versions of the four serotypes** of the virus that cause dengue.

- > It is the second dengue vaccine to receive WHO prequalification, following the CYD-TDV vaccine.
- WHO recommends the use of TAK-003 in children aged 6–16 years in settings with high dengue burden and transmission intensity.

#### About WHO Vaccine prequalification

- > It was created in 1987 to assure the quality of vaccines distributed by UN purchasing agencies.
- Vaccines showing positive outcomes after evaluation of relevant data, testing of samples and WHO inspection of relevant manufacturing sites are included in the list.
- However, inclusion in the list does not imply approval of vaccines and manufacturing sites by the WHO.
- Yet, pre-qualification is an important step in the expansion of global access to vaccines as it enables procurement by UN agencies (including UNICEF) and PAHO (Pan American Health Organization).
- Other vector-borne disease for which vaccines are included in this list include malaria, yellow fever, Japanese encephalitis, Rabies, etc.

#### About Dengue

- Symptoms: High fever, severe headache, pain behind the eyes, muscle and joint pain, etc. may lead to death.
- Pathogen: Dengue virus named DEN-1, DEN-2, DEN-3, and DEN-4.
- Vector: Infected female mosquitoes, primarily the Aedes aegypti. Transmission by Aedes albopictus (tiger mosquito) has been seen in Europe.
- Affected regions: Dengue is found in tropical and sub-tropical climates worldwide, mostly in urban and semi-urban areas (most of which are in Asia, Africa, and the Americas)

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## Probe agencies must give written grounds of arrest in UAPA cases: Supreme Court (SC)

In Prabir Purkayastha v. State (NCT of Delhi) case, SC stated that arrest of Prabir Purkayastha (Newsclick founder-editor) in Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act (UAPA) case is invalid as Delhi Police failed to inform the grounds of arrest before taking him into custody.

- SC Observations
  - Mandate under Pankaj Bansal v Union of India & Ors. Judgment that grounds of arrest must be provided to accused in writing will apply to cases under UAPA, 1967 as well.
    - Earlier, under this judgement, SC held that grounds of arrest must be provided to persons accused under Prevention of Money Laundering Act (PMLA), 2002.
  - - Article 22(1): No person who is arrested shall be detained in custody without being informed of the grounds for their arrest.
    - Article 22(5): A person under detention should be communicated the grounds of detention order and allowed to make a representation against detention.

#### About UAPA, 1967

- It provides for effective prevention of certain unlawful activities of individuals and associations, and for dealing with terrorist activities.
- Section 43B (1): Any officer arresting a person under this act shall, inform accused of the grounds for such arrest.

# Also in News

Indian National Space Promotion and Authorization Centre (IN-SPACe)

IN-SPACe has been honoured with the **Leadership Award** for "Public Policy: Enabling Industry Development" by the Geospatial World Forum (GWF).

GWF is an interactive platform of the global geospatial community.

#### IN-SPACe

- Headquarters: Ahmedabad(Gujarat)
- Genesis: Establishment in 2020 as a part of space sector reform.
- Nodal department: An autonomous agency in the Department of Space (DOS).
- Aim: To facilitate the participation of private players in India's space sector.
- Key roles:
  - Enable and nurture non-government entities (NGEs) to accomplish their ventures in space sector and supervise their activities.
  - Authorize space operations and services in the country through well defined framework.

# Ministry of Home Affairs (MHA) warns of rising digital arrest scams by cybercriminals

🔇 8468022022 🌐 www.visionias.in

I4C, in collaboration with Microsoft, has **blocked over 1,000 Skype accounts linked to intimidation, blackmail, extortion and digital arrests of citizens by cybercriminals** posing as personnel of police, CBI, Narcotics Department, RBI etc.

#### About Digital Arrest

It is a new form of cybercrime where fraudsters impersonate law enforcement officials and deceive their targets into believing that their Aadhaar card, SIM card, debit card or bank account has been used for criminal activities.

#### About Cybercrime

- It refers to any illegal activity involving a computer, networked device or a network.
  - Example, Stealing corporate data; Hacking government computers etc.
  - ● According to 'Crime in India' Report, 65,893 cases were registered under cybercrime, showing an increase of 24.4% compared to 52,974 cases in 2021.
- Challenges in tackling Cybercrimes
  - Lack of critical cyber security infrastructure, shortage of cybersecurity professionals.

  - - As per TRAI, internet penetration in India as of March 2023 is over 880 million.

#### Government initiatives to tackle Cyber Threats

- Indian Cyber Coordination Centre (I4C): Under MHA, it coordinates activities related to combating cybercrime in country.
  - ● It facilitates blocking of SIM cards, Mobile devices and Mule accounts used by such fraudsters.
- Computer Emergency Response Team (CERT-In) is the national nodal agency for responding to computer security incidents.
- National Cyber Crime Reporting Portal launched to enable the public to report incidents of cybercrimes.
- Toll-free number- 1930 has been operationalized to assist with online cyber complaints.



#### Kanwar Lake

Condition of the Kanwar Lake has been deteriorating.

#### About Kanwar Lake (also known as Kabartal Wetland or Jheel)

- Located in Begusarai district, Bihar, it is a freshwater natural wetland.
- Draws water from confluence of Gandak, Bia and Kareh river.
- Bihar's first Ramsar site recognised as wetland of international importance in 2020.
- Important stopover along Central Asian Flyway.
- Important species: Red-headed vulture, white-rumped vulture and Indian vulture.
- Importance: Acts as a sink for sediments, Habitat for several migratory species, provide livelihood opportunities, Supports lifecycle of fish or amphibians etc.
- Threat: Water management activities like drainage, water abstraction, damming and canalization.

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#### **BHISHM Portable Cubes**

Indian Air Force tested BHISHM portable cubes, a state-of the-art indigenous mobile hospital, at Agra for airdrops.

#### About BHISHM Portable Cubes

- > These are a part of initiative named Project BHISHM (Bharat Health Initiative for Sahyog, Hita and Maitri), designed to treat up to 200 casualties.
- Consists of 72 small cubes equipped with advanced medical equipment which are Radio Frequency Identification (RFID)-tagged.
- Integrates Artificial Intelligence and data analytics to facilitate effective coordination, real-time monitoring of medical services in field.
- These cubes are robust, waterproof, and light, designed for various configurations, making them ideal for diverse emergency scenarios.



#### Soil Nailing

Tamil Nadu is using Soil Nailing to ensure the stabilization of slopes around the Nilgiris' major roads

#### Soil Nailing

- It is a geotechnical engineering technique that involves the insertion of reinforcing elements into the soil in a specified area to strengthen it.
- This is followed by 'hydroseeding' wherein mixture of seeds, fertilizer, organic materials and water are applied onto the soil.
  - It facilitates the growth of grass and plant life, that will help  $\odot$ hold the topsoil together and prevent erosion.



#### **Eco Sensitive Zone (ESZ)**

Supreme Court has halted all mining activities within a 1-Km radius of the Sariska Tiger Reserve in Rajasthan enforcing its 2023 order. 2023 order of SC on ESZ:

- SC revised its 2022 directive that directed states to establish a > mandatory 1 Km ESZ around protected forests.
- SC said that ESZs cannot be the same for all the protected forests > and may vary case by case. However, it prohibited any mining activities within a 1-Km radius of such protected areas.
- ESZ
- > ESZs are ecologically fragile areas around protected areas (PAs) designated so under the Environment Protection Act (EPA), 1986
- They are created to minimize the negative impact of development activities on the fragile ecosystem of PAs.

## Places in News

#### Slovakia (Capital: Bratislava)



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# **Global Report on Internal Displacement 2024**

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Report was released by Internal Displacement Monitoring Centre (IDMC).

> Internally displaced people (IDPs) refers to people forced to flee their homes, however, unlike refugees, they remain within their own country

#### Key findings:

- 75.9 million people were IDPs globally as of the end of 2023 (71.1 million in 2022).
- 68.3 million people were IDP due to conflict and violence.
- Sudan, Syria, the Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC), € Colombia and Yemen host nearly half of such IDPs.
- In South Asia, Manipur has major contribution to such IDPs
- Most of the disasters linked to internal displacement happened > in China and Türkiye due to severe weather and high-magnitude earthquakes.



Scientists have developed an affordable sensor for detecting and measuring lead concentrations in water.

#### About Lead

- > It is a naturally occurring toxic metal found in Earth's crust.
- > Lead in the body is distributed to the brain, liver, kidney and bones. It is stored in the teeth and bones, where it can accumulate over time.
- It is poor conductor of heat and do not react with water. >
- Sources of lead exposure: Mining and smelting, recycling of > electronic waste and lead-acid batteries, plumbing, toys, lead paint etc.
- Lead exposure causes damage to child's brain and nervous system, anaemia, hypertension, toxicity to reproductive organs etc.



#### Sangam: Digital Twin Initiative

Ministry of Communications has unveiled Stage-I Participants for "Sangam Initiative: A Leap Towards AI-Driven Infrastructure Transformation".

#### About Sangam: Digital Twin Initiative

- It is a Proof of Concept focused on revolutionizing the planning > & design of infrastructure by leveraging digital twin technology to create precise, dynamic models of physical environments.
- It combines the ability of 5G, IoT, AI, Digital Twin and nextgeneration computational technologies.
  - Digital twin is a virtual representation of an object or system € designed to reflect a physical object accurately.
- It enhances the efficiency and accuracy of infrastructure 3 projects.

