Spices Board India (SBI) mandates Ethylene Oxide (ETO) testing for spice shipments to Singapore, Hong Kong

- Decision follows the suspension of sales of certain spice blends by Singapore and Hong Kong due to elevated levels of ETO.
 - **⊕** ETO is a flammable, colorless gas at room temperature.
 - ⊕ ETO serves as a disinfectant, fumigant, but its usage in food products is regulated due to its cancer-causing nature.

Spices Industry of India

- India is the world's largest producer, consumer and exporter of spices.
- During 2022-23, the export of spices stood at US\$ 3.73 billion (major export destination were China, USA, and Bangladesh)
- India produces about 75 of the 109 varieties of spices which are listed by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO).
 - Chilli, cumin, turmeric, ginger and coriander makeup about 76% of the total production.
- The largest spice-producing states are Madhya Pradesh, Rajasthan, Gujarat, Andhra Pradesh, Telangana, Karnataka, etc.
- Challenges associated with the spices industry: Low Productivity and Poor Product Quality, disappearance of some indigenous varieties, Rejection of Export due to pesticide residues beyond tolerable limits, etc.
- Initiatives to promote exports
 - Guidelines on preventing ETO contamination in Spices Exports by SBI.
 - **⊕** Export Development and Promotion of Spices.
 - Setting up and maintenance of infrastructure for common processing (Spices Parks).



About Spices Board India

- Genesis: Constituted in 1987 under the Spices Board act 1986.
- > Headquarter: Cochin, Kerala.
- ▶ Role: Autonomous body responsible for the export promotion of the 52 scheduled species and development of Cardamom.
- India hosts and chairs Codex Committee on Spices and Culinary herbs (CCSCH) set up under Codex Alimentarius Committee.
 - SBI serves as its secretariat.
- ➤ Ministry: Ministry of Commerce and Industry.

India to be among top 25 countries by 2030 in Logistics Performance Index ranking: Invest India

Invest India highlighted that

- ⊕ Indian logistics sector is expected to reach USD 380 billion by 2025 from USD 250 billion in 2021.
- ⊕ India aims to reduce logistics cost from 13%- 14% of GDP to 8%- 10% of GDP by 2030.
- Logistics includes transportation and handling of goods between production and consumption points, storage, value addition, and allied services.
 - Logistics infrastructure comprises of ports, Multimodal Logistics Parks (MMLPs), warehouses etc.

Advantages of Efficient Logistics Sector

- Ensures smooth and efficient supply chain, minimizes delays and reduces lead time (time taken to complete a supply chain process), crucial for business operations.
- Fosters economic integration by improving connectivity between regions and markets.
- Enhance business competitiveness due to reduction in transportation, storage and distribution costs.
- Employment generation in transportation, warehousing, distribution, and related services.

Challenges before Indian logistics sector

- Fragmented supply chain with numerous small and independent players.
- ⊕ Complex regulatory framework, bureaucratic procedures etc. hinders business operations
- Lack of qualified personnel proficient in supply chain management.
- Delays in shipments and increased costs due to lack of coordination between states.

Initiatives Taken to promote Logistics Sector

- National Logistics Policy 2022 promotes seamless flow of goods across the country and improves Indian goods competitiveness in domestic and global markets.
- ▶ MMLPs to improve the country's freight logistics sector by enabling efficient inter-modal freight movement to lower overall freight costs and time etc.
- Logistics Efficiency Enhancement Programme (LEEP) to improve freight transport efficiency.
- PM GatiShakti to improve logistics efficiency.







The United states accuses Russia of employing the chemical agent chloropicrin in Ukraine

- ➤ Chloropicrin is a broad-spectrum fumigant chemical that can be used as an antimicrobial, fungicide, herbicide, insecticide,nematicide and also as a warfare agent.
 - First used as a poison gas in the First World War, both by Allied and Central Powers.
 - Features: Colorless to yellow oily liquid.
 - Highly volatile and is a gas at room temperature.
 - Effects on humans: Severe irritation to eyes, skin, respiratory tract, induce vomiting, etc.
- **Chemical weapons** are munitions and other devices which use the toxic effects of chemicals on living organisms to cause death or other harm.
- International regulation on Chemical Weapons:
 - Chemical Weapons Convention (CWC), of the Organization for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons (OPCW) entered into force in 1997.
 - Prohibits the development, production, stock-piling and use of chemical weapons and monitors its elimination in order to secure a chemical weapons free world.
 - India is a signatory and party of CWC and enacted Chemical Weapons Convention Act, 2000.
 - Geneva Protocol 1925: Prohibits the use of chemical and biological weapons in the field of conflict.
- Concerns regarding chemical weapons: Indiscriminate nature, can cause lifelong damages, used in recent conflicts like in Syria, etc.



Organization for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons (OPCW)



- Function: Implementing body for the Chemical Weapons Convention.
- Mission: To implement the provisions of the Chemical Weapons Convention to achieve a vision of a world free of chemical weapons.
- Members: 193 (India is also its member).
- Nobel Prize for peace: Awarded in 2013 for 'its extensive efforts to eliminate chemical weapons'.

CDSCO takes away state powers for issuing No Objection Certificate (NOC) for drug's exports from States

- Since 2018, export NOC and manufacturing license were granted by State Licensing Authority for manufacturing unapproved/banned/new drugs solely for export purposes.
 - However, in recent notification sole licensing authority will be Central Drugs Standard Control Organisation (CDSCO).
 - All manufacturers are required to obtain NOC from respective Zonal offices of CDSCO through SUGAM Portal.
 - The decision comes in view of Drug Consultative Committee's observation that process of **obtaining NOCs from state drug regulators** for pharmaceutical products is **time-consuming**, further **delaying export consignment**.
- About Indian Pharmaceutical Industry (PI)
 - → Widely recognised as 'Pharmacy of the World'.
 - Largest provider of generic medicines globally, occupying a 20% share in global supply by volume.
 - ⊕ Contributes 70% of Diphtheria, Tetanus and Pertussis (DPT) and Bacillus Calmette-Guérin (BCG) vaccines, and 90% of measles vaccines.
 - ⊕ It is expected to reach USD 130 Billion by 2030.
- Challenges in Indian Pharmaceutical Industry
 - Dependence on China for Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients.
 - Instances of contaminated drugs and cough syrups manufactured in India.
 - Low investments in Research & Development.
- Initiatives taken to strengthen Pharma Industry
 - Production Linked Incentive (PLI) scheme for Pharmaceuticals.
 - Strengthening of Pharmaceutical Industry Scheme.
 - Scheme for Promotion of Bulk Drug Parks.

About CDSCO

- > Ministry: Ministry of Health & Family Welfare.
- > Headquarter: New Delhi.
 - It has 9 Zonal offices.
- Performs its regulatory function under Drugs & Cosmetics Act, 1940 and rules 1945.
- > It is responsible for
 - ⊕ Approval of Drugs, Conduct of Clinical Trials,
 - Laying down standards for Drugs,







National Green Tribunal (NGT) stated that Ganga River is facing floodplain encroachment

- In 2017, NGT declared an area of 100 metres from edge of Ganga between Haridwar and Unnao as a "No Development **Zone**" to abate encroachment and pollution of river Ganga.
 - ⊕ Order directed state government to demarcate floodplains and identify permissible and nonpermissible activities.

Floodplain zoning

- for flood management.
- ⊕ It aims at demarcating zones or areas likely to be affected by floods.
- ⊕ It specifies permissible developments in demarcating **zones** in order to minimize damage by flood.
- However, many States have reservations on implementing floodplain zoning due to high population density, nonavailability of sufficient land for relocating people occupying floodplains, etc.
- Steps for floodplain zoning
 - zoning of floodplain of a river according to flood frequencies.
 - Manipur, Rajasthan, Uttarakhand and erstwhile State of Jammu & Kashmir had enacted the legislation.
 - National Mission for Clean Ganga: Advised all states in Ganga basin for demarcation of river floodplains and removal of encroachment from floodplain of river Ganga and its tributaries.

National Disaster Management Authority Guidelines related to Construction in Floodplains

- Flooding once in 100 years: Preferences should be given to Defence installations, public utilities like hospitals, electricity installations, water supply etc.
- Flooding once in 25 years: Public institutions, government offices, universities, residential areas etc. should be constructed on columns or stilts.
- Flooding once in 10 years: Reserved for green areas like parks, gardens.

IN-SPACe released Norms, Guidelines and Procedures (NGP) to implement Indian Space Policy (ISP) 2023

- ▶ ISP seeks to institutionalize private sector participation in the space sector with
 - The Indian Space Research Organization (ISRO) will focus on research and development of advanced space technologies and
 - ecosystems in the country.
- NGP complements government endeavors in providing a predictable regulatory regime, transparency and ease of doing business in the Indian space sector.
- Provisions for authorisation from IN-SPACe
 - Jurisdiction: Any Entity carrying out Space Activities to or from Indian Territory or within the jurisdiction of India including the area to the limit of its exclusive economic zone needs Authorization.
 - Only an Indian Entity can apply for seeking Authorization.
 - Non-Indian Entities desiring to conduct Space Activity in India can apply for authorization through an Indian Entity.
 - alia, launch, operation, guidance and/or re-entry of any Space Object shall need Authorization.
 - operators to provide detailed information about their space objects for registration to India's national registry.

About Indian National Space Promotion and Authorization Center (IN-SPACe)

- Genesis: established in 2020.
- **About:** A single-window, independent, nodal agency that functions as an autonomous agency in the Department of Space.
- **Objective:** Space sector reforms to enable and facilitate the participation of private players.
- Function: responsible to promote, enable, authorize and supervise various space activities of non-governmental
 - Acts as an interface between ISRO and Non-Governmental Entities (NGEs).

Also in News



Percolation wells

- An NGO has embarked on an ambitious project to build 10,000 percolation wells across Bengaluru by 2026.
- **About Percolating Wells**
 - They are earthen dams padded with concrete rings inside and filled with gravel.
 - Mechanism: Rain falls into percolation well, water leaks into soil in multiple layers and it goes down to the ground and natural aquifers get activated.
- An aquifer is a body of rock and/or sediment that holds groundwater.
 - flooding.
- **Other Water Harvesting Structures**
 - Kund or Tanka (Rajasthan);
 - Pat (Madhya Pradesh);
 - Eri (Tamilnadu), etc.



Chang'e-6

- Recently, China announced successfully launching of more than 8 metric ton Chang'e-6 lunar probe.
- About Chang'e-6
 - Aims to bring back 2 kilograms of samples from the far side of the moon, which humans have never done before.
 - China brought samples from the near side of the moon in 2020 with the Chang'e-5 mission.
 - It is expected to make a soft landing in the South Pole of the moon i.e Aitken Basin.
 - - CubeSats are miniature satellites typically characterized by their small size and standardized design.









World Press Freedom Index (WPFI) 2024

- India ranked 159 among 180 countries in annual WPFI 2024.
 - It is released by Paris based Reporters Without Borders (RSF). one of the world's leading NGOs in defense and promotion of freedom of information.
 - It is published on World Press Freedom Day (3 May).
 - Theme: "A Press for the Planet: Journalism in the face of the Environmental Crisis".

About WPFI 2024

- Based on 5 indicators- Political, Economic, Legislative, Social and Security.



Goods & Services Tax Appellate Tribunal (GSTAT)

Centre has appointed retired Justice Sanjaya Kumar Mishra as President of GSTAT.

About GSTAT

- It is a Second Appellate Authority established under Central GST (CGST) Act, 2017 for hearing appeals against orders passed by Appellate Authority under CGST Act, 2017 and State GST Acts.
- It ensures uniformity in redressal of disputes arising under GST.
- It consists of a Principal Bench (New Delhi) and various State Benches.
- Principal Bench shall be presided over by President and shall consist of two Technical Members (one each from Centre and State).



Participatory notes (P-notes)

- Registered Foreign portfolio investors (FPIs) domiciled at the GIFT International Financial Services Centre (IFSC) have been allowed to issue participatory notes (p-notes).
- About P-notes: They are issued by registered foreign FPIs to overseas investors to invest in the Indian stock market without registering themselves directly.
 - P-Notes act like a substitute for underlying Indian company shares.

Benefits:

- Avoids the hassle of registering with SEBI and offers anonymity.
- More choices for investors for investing in Indian stocks.
- Challenge: lack of transparency, uncontrolled money in Indian stock, etc.



Batillipes chandrayaani

- A new species of marine tardigrade discovered from the southeast coast of Tamil Nadu is named Batillipes chandrayaani after Chandrayaan-3 moon mission.
- About Batillipes chandravaani
 - Third marine tardigrade species to have been scientifically described from the Indian waters.
 - It has a trapezoid-shaped head and four pairs of legs with sharp-tipped sensory spines.

About Tardigrade

- They are near-microscopic aquatic animals with plump. segmented bodies and flattened heads.
- Also known as 'water bears', they are among the hardiest
- Marine Tardigrade account for 17% of all known tardigrade species.



Oxytocin

- Delhi High Court orders police action against oxytocin use on cattle in city dairies.
- **About Oxytocin**
 - It is a hormone secreted by the pituitary glands of mammals during sex, childbirth, lactation or social bonding.
 - It helps new mothers from excessively bleeding after giving birth.
 - It is misused on milch cattle to increase yield.
 - It is regulated under Section 26 A of Drugs and Cosmetics Act € of 1940.
 - Administering Oxytocin is considered animal cruelty and is punishable under Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act, 1960.



Sri Madhava Perumal Temple

- Inscriptions found at Sri Madhava Perumal Temple, which has largely remained submerged by Bhavanisagar dam, revealed a 1000 years old trade route.
 - The route connected the Kongu region in western Tamil Nadu with southern Karnataka and Kerala by crossing the River Bhavani and River Moyar.
- In 1338, Veera Siddha Keththaya Dhandanayaka constructed the Sri Madhava Perumal Temple.
- Temple is dedicated to Thondreeshwaramudiayar (Lord Shiva).
 - The area came under the Hoysala rulers.

Places in News



Netherlands (Capital: Amsterdam)

- 12th India-Netherlands Foreign Office Consultations were held in The Hague, Netherlands.
- **Political features**
 - Located in north-western Europe, also known as Holland.
 - Land Boundary: Belgium (south) and Germany (east).
 - Water Bodies: North Sea (north and west).
- **Geographical Features**
 - Major Rivers: Rhine, Meuse etc.
 - Highest Point: Vaalserberg.
 - More than a quarter of the total land area of the Netherlands is below sea level.



AHMEDABAD





BHOPAL



CHANDIGARH









JAIPUR



JODHPUR



LUCKNOW





PRAYAGRAJ



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