FEB, 2024 ISIONIAS

Union Law Ministry accepted Recommendation to establish Regional Benches of the Supreme Court (SC)

- Parliamentary Standing Committee on Personnel, Public Grievances, Law and Justice informed Parliament about acceptance of recommendations made for judicial reforms in its 133rd Report.
- Constitutional Provision on Seat of SC: Supreme Court shall sit in Delhi, or in such other place(s), as Chief Justice of India may, from time to time, appoint, with approval of the President. (Article 130)
- Standing Committee Recommendations on Regional Benches (133rd Report)
 - SC may invoke Article 130 to establish its regional benches at 4 or 5 locations in the Country.
 - Interpretation of Constitution and Constitutional matters may be dealt with at Delhi and regional benches may decide appellate matters.
 - Decision of appellate benches shall be treated as final.

Need of Regional Benches

- Improved 'Access to Justice' which is a fundamental right through -
 - taking justice to doorsteps of common citizens.
 - reduced cost of litigation
 - overcoming language barrier, etc.

Southern, Eastern and Western regions to deal with all appellate work of particular region.

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- May provide solution to overflowing caseload of judiciary by separating constitutional matters from appellate matters.
- Challenges with Regional Benches: Regional benches may lead to conflicting interpretation of laws undermining uniformity of judicial system, concerns related to impartial selection and assignment of judges, etc.

Precision farming is the future of crop production: Director General (DG) Indian Council of **Agricultural Research**

- DG made the observation in the inaugural session of the national seminar on "Smart Technologies for Sustainable Agriculture and Environment".
- **Precision farming:** it is a farm management approach utilizing information technology to optimize crop and soil conditions for > maximum productivity.

Auto Steer

● It aims to manage and distribute inputs on a site-specific basis.

Impact of precision farming

- profitability of agriculture.
- ⊕ Enables making strategic decisions on crop management aspects.
- Reduce the application of crop inputs such as fertilizer, herbicide, fuel, and water.
- Environmental benefits like reducing fertilizer runoff in waterways.
- Challenges: High cost and complexity of the technologies involved, absence of uniform standards, concerns regarding farm data sharing and ownership, etc.
- Government initiatives for technology in farming
 - The Digital Agriculture Mission 2021–2025: to encourage and speed up projects based on cutting-edge technologies like artificial intelligence.
 - Output Stational e-Governance Plan in Agriculture (NeGPA): to infuse modern information technologies in the farm sector.
 - Agri Stack is the digital foundation being set up by the government. €

COMPONENTS OF PRECISION AGRICULTURE

Remote Sensing

VRT (Variable rate

technology)

Benches of SC (229th Report)

and other allied issues.

Law Commission Recommendations on Regional

Constitution Bench at Delhi to deal with constitutional

Four Cassation Benches to be set up in Northern,

- Wireless Telematics Data Collection & Analysis GPS & GIS Artificial Intelligence



Yield Monitors



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In a first, CERN Scientists carry out LASER cooling of Positronium

- An international team of physicists from Anti-hydrogen Experiment: Gravity, Interferometry, Spectroscopy (AEgIS) collaboration has achieved this breakthrough.
 - AEgIS is one of several experiments at CERN's Antimatter Factory with goal of direct measurement of Earth's gravitational acceleration (g) on antihydrogen.
 - $\odot~$ AEgIS is a collaboration of physicists from a number of countries in Europe and from India.
- Positronium (Ps), discovered in 1951, is the lightest known atom, consisting only of an electron (e-) and a positron (e+).
 - $\odot~$ Ps has a very short lifetime, annihilating into gamma rays in 142 billionths of a second.
 - ⊕ Because it comprises just two point-like particles, the electron and its antimatter, it's a perfect system for experiments under AEgIS, provided it can be cooled enough to measure it with high precision.
- Matter Antimatter
 - Matter comes in many forms−solids, liquids, gases, and plasmas - consisting of subatomic particles that give them mass and volume.
 - Sub-atomic particles include protons and neutrons (also known as baryons), electrons and neutrinos (also known as leptons), and other particles.

About CERN (European Council for Nuclear Research)

- Founded in: 1954
- > Location: Franco-Swiss border near Geneva.
- > Has 23 Member States.
- > India is an Associate Member at CERN.
- Mission: To uncover what the universe is made of and how it works.
- - Anti-particles can combine to form anti-atoms and, in principle, could even form anti-matter regions.

Union Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment (MoSJE) issued First 'Equal Opportunity Policy for Transgender Persons'

- Policy has been issued in pursuance of Transgender Persons (Protection of Rights) Act, 2019 and Transgender Persons (Protection of Rights) Rules, 2020.
- Key highlights of the Policy
 - **Scope:** Applicable to all employees of MoSJE and its operations.
 - It will act as guiding document for business partner workforce, interns, trainees, etc.
 - **Objective:** To create an atmosphere ensuring fair treatment of transgender individuals, free from discrimination, harassment, and bias, while establishing robust grievance redress mechanism.
 - Policy Statements
 - Non-discrimination and enabling work environment: Prohibits discrimination based on gender identity in recruitment, appointment, promotion, etc.
 - Privacy and Confidentiality: Non-disclosure of gender identity without explicit consent.
 - Access to Facilities: Ensure infrastructure facilities (such as Unisex toilets) and amenities (such as hygiene products) are provided to transgender persons.
 - Grievance Redressal Mechanism: To redress instances of experienced discrimination or harassment based on gender identity.
- Challenges faced by Transgender Persons: Social stigma and discrimination, sub-optimal access to basic amenities like healthcare, education, etc., vulnerable to physical, verbal, and sexual abuse, etc.

Measures taken for Welfare and Empowerment of Transgender Persons

- > National Council for Transgender Persons: Established under Transgender Persons (Protection of Rights) Act, 2019.
- Government Initiatives
 - Garima Greh: Shelter Homes for Transgender Persons
 - National Portal for Transgender Persons: To obtain certificate of identity and identity card without any physical interface.
- > NALSA Judgment (2014): Transgender persons were legally recognised as the 'third gender'.



National Green Tribunal (NGT) highlighted inadequate addressing of arsenic and fluoride groundwater contamination

- NGT had taken suo motu cognizance of the matter based on the Central Ground Water Board (CGWB) report.
- As per CGWB report, Arsenic was reported in 230 districts (in 25 states) and fluoride was reported in 469 districts (in 27 states).
- Impacts of these Contaminations

 - ● Arsenic: skin de-pigmentation, bronchitis, and skin, lung, bladder, and liver cancer.
 - Other adverse health effects include dermatological, neurological, respiratory, cardiovascular, immunological, and endocrine impacts.
- Permissible limits: The Bureau of Indian Standards has mandated the maximum permissible limit:-
 - For Arsenic 0.01 mg/L and for fluoride 1.0 mg/L.

Reasons for

- Arsenic contamination: weathering of minerals followed by subsequent leaching and runoff, anthropogenic activities such as mining, over-exploitation of groundwater etc.
- Fluoride Contamination: breakdown of rocks and soils and deposition of atmospheric particles.
- Initiatives for Quality Water in India
 - Jal Jeevan Mission (potable tap water supply to every rural household).

 - The Ministry of Jal Shakti has issued guidelines for the control and regulation of groundwater extraction.

India's emphasis on cultural diplomacy

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- Sacred Relics of Lord Buddha and his two disciples Arahata Sariputra and Arahata Maudgalyayana displayed in Thailand.
- Also, India handed over a list of 70 select documents to Oman pertaining to Oman that are available in the National Archives of India.
- The above developments are exemplification of India's Cultural Diplomacy.
- Cultural Diplomacy: It is the exchange of ideas, information, art, language, and other aspects of culture among nations and peoples to foster mutual understanding.
- Cultural Diplomacy's significances for India:
 - Important dimension of India's soft power.

 - Instrument in regional and international cooperation.
 E.g. Joint commemoration of 150th birth anniversary of Rabindranath Tagore's by India and Bangladesh
 - ● Promotion of India's tangible and intangible cultural heritage. E.g. Yoga, Classical dances, Religious tourism.

Challenges

- Inadequate financing and lack of coordination among various institutions engaged in the conduct of cultural power projection.
- Shortage of skilled manpower in Indian Missions/ Posts abroad.
- Lack of clarity on the mandate of the Indian Council for Cultural Relations (ICCR).

Also in News

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Grey - zone Warfare

- At Raisina Dialogue 2024, India's Chief of Defence Staff talked about Grey-zone warfare.
- Grey zone warfare
 - Involves military actions which are below a particular threshold to invite a response.
- About Raisina Dialogue
 - $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{S}}$ India's flagship conference on geopolitics and geo-economics.

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Indian Gharial (Gavialis gangeticus)

- Indian Gharial spotted in Greater Kaziranga (Assam) after a gap of 75 years.
- About Indian Gharial
 - Distribution: Major population occurs in three tributaries of Ganga River - Chambal and Girwa in India and Rapti-Naryani in Nepal.

 - Conservation status: IUCN (Critically Endangered), Wildlife Protection Act, 1972 (Schedule I), and CITES (Appendix I).

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VISIONIAS INSPIRING INNOVATION



Krushak Assistance for Livelihood and Income Augmentation (KALIA) Scheme

State Government of Odisha extends KALIA scheme by 3 years.

About KALIA Scheme

- Objective: To provide financial assistance to small and marginal farmers (SMF) including sharecroppers, tenant farmers, and landless agricultural households (LAH) in the state.
- $\ensuremath{\boldsymbol{\Theta}}$ Excludes medium and large farmers.
- Other benefits: Scholarship for Children of KALIA beneficiaries, Livelihood packages for landless households, etc.
- Synchronized with PM-KISAN to provide annual benefit of ₹10000 to SMF (₹6,000 from PM-KISAN and ₹4,000, from KALIA).

Exercise 'DOSTI-16'

- 16th biennial trilateral coast guard exercise between India, the Maldives, and Sri Lanka started.
 - Bangladesh is participating as an observer.



Portals for a 'Modernized Media Landscape'

- The Ministry of Information and Broadcasting launched 4 new media-related portals to streamline media-related services under its umbrella.
- The four new portals are
 - Press Sewa Portal: for automation of the process for newspaper registration.
 - NaViGate Bharat Portal: single platform with an interactive user interface for government videos
 - National Register for Local Cable Operators: To streamline regulatory processes in the cable television sector in the future.
 - Transparent Empanelment Media Planning and eBilling System for Central Bureau of Communication: to enhance transparency and efficiency in media planning processes

Personality in News



- PM unveiled statue of Sant Ravidas on his 647th birth anniversary.
- About Sant Ravidas

 - Prominent bhakti saint of Nirguna Sampradaya in northern India.
 - Onsidered as spiritual Guru of Meera Bai.

Key contributions

- $\ensuremath{{ \odot }}$ Worked against system of untouchability.
- $m egin{array}{c} \mathbf{Begumpura\ city\ was\ pioneered\ by\ him\ as\ a\ city\ without\ any\ sorrow\ and\ full\ of\ peace\ and\ humanity. \end{array}$
- Values: Compassion, Social justice, Egalitarianism, Humanism, etc.

CHANDIGARH

Short-Lived Climate Pollutants (SLCPs)

- Climate and Clean Air Conference 2024 called for international collaboration to phase-out SLCPs.
 - Oconference is an annual meeting of Climate and Clean Air Coalition (CCAC) which is a partnership of over 160 governments and organisations committed to reducing SLCPs.
- About SLCPs
 - They are pollutants that remain in atmosphere for much shorter period than carbon dioxide, with much higher warming potential.
 - e.g., Black Carbon, Methane, Tropospheric Ozone, and hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs).
 - Major sources: Inefficient combustion of fuel, agricultural sector, waste sector, refrigeration and cooling, etc.



Energy Charter Treaty

- The UK to leave 'Outdated' Fossil Fuel Friendly Treaty ie. The Energy Charter Treaty.
- About The Energy Charter Treaty

 - It entered into legal force in April 1998.

 - ⊕ Currently, there are 53 Signatories and Contracting Parties to the Treaty.



- India hit target towards eliminating Kala Azar for the first time in 2023 by reporting less than one case per 10,000 population across all blocks
- About Kala Azar

 - Causing agent: infected female phlebotomine sandfly.
 - **Symptoms:** irregular fever, weight loss, enlargement of the spleen and liver, and anaemia.
 - The disease is endemic in Bihar, Jharkhand, Uttar Pradesh and West Bengal.
 - Areas infected: Brazil, east Africa, and India



Sant Ravidas







DELHI

GUWAHATI HYDERABAD

JAIPUR JODHPUR

LUCKNOW

PRAYAGRAJ PUNE

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