Indian private space-tech company Pixxel launched India's first private satellite constellation 'Firefly'

First three satellites of the Firefly constellation were successfully launched aboard SpaceX's Transporter-12 mission from Vandenberg Space Force Base, California.

Firefly is Pixxel's flagship Hyperspectral Imaging (HSI) satellite constellation, featuring six of the highest-resolution commercial hyperspectral satellites to date. **Diverse Applications of Hyperspectral Imaging**

Agriculture

and Vegetation

Food Quality

and Safety

About Hyperspectral Imaging (HSI) Satellites

- > HSI analyses a wide spectrum of light instead of just assigning primary colours (red, green, blue) to each pixel, effectively spectrally fingerprinting the Earth.
- ▶ HSI provide more information on what is imaged. For instance, while a typical satellite can identify a forest from space, HSI can distinguish between different types of trees and determine health of each individual tree.

About Satellite Constellation

- ▶ It is a network of identical artificial satellites with the same purpose and shared control, designed to work as a system.
 - They communicate with global ground stations and, at times, interconnect to complement each other's functions.
- Starlink, with 2,146 active satellites, is the largest satellite constellation.
- **Types:** Based on **orbital altitude** there are three types:
 - Geostationary Orbit (GEO): At an altitude of 36,000 km, it synchronizes with Earth's rotation.
 - Medium Earth Orbit (MEO): At altitude of 5,000 to 20,000 km, traditionally serving navigation purposes.
 - Low Earth Orbit (LEO): At altitude of 500 to 1,200 km, primarily support research, telecommunication and Earth Observation needs.

Prime Minister commissioned three frontline naval combatants – INS Surat, INS Nilgiri and

INS Vaghsheer

This first tri-commissioning of indigenously developed destroyer, frigate and submarine marks a significant step towards realizing India's vision of becoming global leader in naval indigenisation and maritime security.

About three frontline naval combatants

- ➤ INS Surat: 4th and final ship of the P15B Guided Missile Destroyer Project.
- ▶ INS Nilgiri: 1st ship of the P17A Stealth Frigate Project designed by the Indian Navy's Warship Design Bureau.
- ➤ INS Vaghsheer: 6th and final submarine of the P75 Scorpene Project built by Mumbai-based Mazagon Dock Limited.
 - ⊕ It is an indigenously constructed submarine of the Kalvari-class based on French Scorpene-class design.

India's Naval Indigenization efforts

- Policies:
 - Targets a force of 200 ships by 2027 with a vision of transforming it from a buyer's navy to a builder's navy.
 - domestic industries including MSMEs to participate in ship construction.
- Navy's expansion of Make in India initiative: Of the 40 naval vessels included in the Navy in the past decade, 39 have been built in Indian
 - ⊕ E.g. INS Vikrant (aircraft carrier), INS Arihant and INS Arighat (nuclear submarines).
- R&D initiatives: Underwater Domain Awareness (Samudrayaan project), Scientific partnerships with Indian Ocean Rim countries and development of autonomous systems for high-risk environments like mine detection.

Strategic Advantages of Naval Indigenization **SAGAR Policy Maritime Security** Establishing India as Protecting territorial the first responder in waters and ensuring the Indian Ocean freedom of Region navigation **Securing Trade Employment** Generation Routes Port-led Protecting trade Development E.g. supply lines and Vadhavan port sea routes Self-Reliance Achieving independence in defense capabilities

Waste Sorting and Recycling

Mineral

Exploration

Environmental

Monitorina







World Economic Forum, in collaboration with Accenture, released the 'Global Cybersecurity Outlook 2025' Report

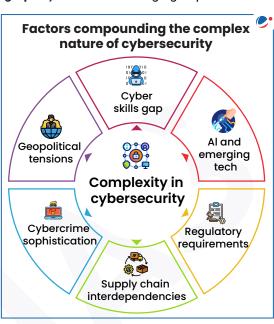
Report highlights the growing complexity of the cyber landscape (refer to the infographic) and its wide-ranging implications for organizations and nations.

The report also highlighted that cybercrime disrupted global economies, costing \$12.5 billion in 2023.

What factors are increasing the complexities of cybersecurity?

- Supply Chain Vulnerabilities: Increasing complexity of supply chains and limited oversight create risks, with third-party software flaws enabling cyberattack propagation throughout the ecosystem.
- **Geopolitical Tensions:** Conflicts drive advanced cyber strategies, threatening critical infrastructure like energy and telecommunications.
- ➤ Al-Driven Threats: Generative Al enables cost-effective, scalable malware deployment and sophisticated multilingual social engineering (manipulating people to gain control over a computer system) attacks.
- > Cyber Skills Gap: A growing 8% skills gap leaves two-thirds of organizations unable to address security needs effectively.
- > Convergence of Cybercrime and Organized Crime: Rising cyber-enabled fraud has drawn violent organized crime groups into the cyber domain, amplifying the scale and social impact of cybercrime.
- Climate-Linked Cyber Risks: Energy grids face heightened risks due to reliance on evolving energy systems.
- Quantum Vulnerabilities: Quantum computing pose the ability to break public-key encryption critical for securing digital

The report underscores Overcoming cyber challenges demands a shift in perspective, recognizing cyber resilience as a collective responsibility. Leaders must treat cybersecurity as a strategic investment to counter emerging threats.



Israel And Hamas Agreed on a Gaza Ceasefire and Hostage Release Deal

Ceasefire agreement comes after 15 months of warfare between Hamas and Israel.

Background of Current Conflict

- On October 7, 2023, Hamas launched an attack on Israel under Operation Al-Agsa Storm, coinciding with the 50th anniversary of the Yom Kippur War.
- It prompted Israel to declare war against Hamas and subsequent military operations in Gaza.

Historical Context

The current conflict between Hamas and Israel could be traced to splitting of Palestinian territory and recognition of Israel state by Arabs:

- Splitting of Palestine
 - During WWII, large numbers of Jews migrated to Palestine and demanded statehood.
 - In 1947, the UN proposed splitting Palestine between Arabs and Jews which led to 4 major wars between Arab and Israel as:
 - Jews accepted and declared Israel's independence in 1948.
 - Arabs rejected the plan, leading to multiple wars.
- 1978 Camp David Accords and Recognition of Israel
 - between Israel and Arabs (led by Egypt and Syria).
 - an Arab country recognising Israel as a state (Israel returned the Sinai Peninsula to Egypt).
- 1993 Oslo Accord and Hamas Opposition of recognition of Israel
 - recognised Israel and Israel allowed Palestinians some form of limited self-governance in Gaza and the West Bank.
 - Founded in 1964, the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO) sits at the UN as a non-member state, of Palestine.
 - Hamas is a Militant organization that politically controls Gaza Strip and does not recognise Israel's statehood.









Ministry of Commerce & Industry marks 9 years of Startup India Initiative

Startup India Initiative was launched as a flagship initiative of Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade (**DPIIT**) in 2016.

Key-features of Startup India Initiative

- Objective: To catalyse startup culture and build a strong and inclusive ecosystem for innovation and entrepreneurship in India.
- **Core Features:**
 - certification, and single-window clearances.
 - Tax Benefits: Tax exemptions for 3 consecutive financial years.
 - Funding Support: ₹10,000 crore Fund of Funds for **Startups (FFS)** supports early-stage funding.
 - Sector-Specific **Policies:** Like biotechnology, agriculture, and renewable energy.
- Flagship Schemes under Startup India
 - Startup India Seed Fund Scheme (SISFS): Four-year period scheme supporting startups in areas like proof of concept, prototype development, commercialisation etc.
 - Credit Guarantee Scheme for Startups (CGSS): Offers credit guarantee for loans provided to eligible startups.
 - FFS Scheme: To enhance access to domestic capital for Indian startups.

Key Achievements

- Increase in Startups: DPIIT-recognised startups increased from 500 (2016) to 1.59 lakh (2025).
- Startup Ecosystem: India became third-largest startup ecosystem in the world with over 100 unicorns.
- **Employment Generation:** Of over **16.6 lakh** direct jobs as of October 31, 2024.
- Women Empowerment: 73,151 recognised startups have at least one woman director.

Other Initiatives Under Startup India

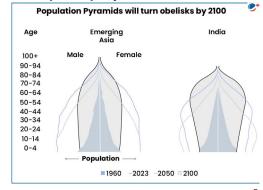
- Bharat Startup Knowledge Access Registry (BHASKAR) platform launched in 2024, connects entrepreneurs, investors, mentors, policymakers, and other startup ecosystem players on a single platform.
- MAARG mentorship platform to facilitate intelligent matchmaking between mentors and startups.
- Startup India Hub portal serves as a comprehensive digital platform for entrepreneurial ecosystem stakeholders.
- States' Startup Ranking framework to strengthen regional startup ecosystems, capacity-building workshops.

McKinsey Released report on Demographic Transition and Depopulation

Report titled 'Dependency and depopulation? Confronting the consequences of a new demographic reality' provides comparative analysis of demographic dynamics of first wave (developed) and later wave (developing) countries.

Key Highlights of Demographic Transition

- > Depopulation: 2/3rd of humanity lives in countries with fertility below the replacement rate of 2.1 children per family.
 - Age structures are inverting from pyramids to obelisks as the number of older people grows and the number of younger people shrinks.
 - ⊕ By 2100, populations in some major economies will fall by 20%-50% (UN).
- Falling Support Ratios: Support ratios are falling (from 6.5) today to 3.9 in 2050).
 - The support ratio is the number of people aged 15-64 years (working age), relative to the number of 65 years and older.
 - might need to channel 50% of labor income to fund a 1.5-time increase in the gap between the aggregate consumption and income of seniors.
- India's Diminishing Demographic Dividend
 - (as it reaches support ratios at par developed countries).
 - The dividend added 0.7 percentage points per year to GDP per capita growth. Through 2050, it will shrink to just 0.2% points per year.



Also In News

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US Entity List

US removed three Indian entities from its restrictive Entity List.

- These entities are Bhabha Atomic Research Centre (BARC), Indira Gandhi Atomic Research Centre (IGCAR) and Indian Rare Earths Limited (IREL).
- This step could potentially revitalize the Indo-US Nuclear Cooperation Agreement of 2008.

About US Entity list

- Includes names of certain foreign persons (including businesses, research institutions, government organizations, etc.).
- Such persons are subject to specific license requirements for trade in specified items that could support terrorism, weapons of mass destruction (WMD) programs, etc.



Bharat Ranbhoomi Darshan

Ministry of Defence launches Bharat Ranbhoomi Darshan website and app as part of its 'Battlefield Tourism' plan.

- It will be a **one-stop destination** for information and clearances for battlefield visits, featuring virtual tours and historical narratives.
- Indian Army, in conjunction with Ministry of Tourism, has shortlisted some other border sites that have witnessed military action in the past.
 - These include Kibithoo and Bum La Pass (Arunachal Pradesh), Rezang La and Pangong Tso (Ladakh), and Doklam (site of 2017 conflict).









Body Mass Index (BMI)

Endocrinologists from the Diabetes Foundation India updated India's obesity guidelines after 15 years, replacing "overweight" with Obesity Grades I and II.

- The 2009 guidelines were based solely on BMI criteria. About BMI
- It is a statistical index used to determine a person's healthy weight range for their height.
- It is calculated by taking a person's weight (in kilograms) divided by their height (in m²).
- Limitations:
 - Does not differentiate between lean body mass and fat mass. based on gender despite physiological differences.
 - Does not measure the distribution of body fat.



Kampala Declaration

African Union (AU) Extraordinary Summit on the Post-Malabo Comprehensive Africa Agriculture Development Programme (CAADP) adopted the 10-year CAADP Strategy and Action Plan, and the Kampala CAADP Declaration on Building Resilient and Sustainable Agrifood Systems in Africa.

About Kampala Declaration

- ➤ Kampala declaration is the successor to the Malabo Declaration on Accelerated Agricultural Growth and Transformation for Shared Prosperity and Improved Livelihoods, adopted in 2014.
- Implementation period will be 2026-2035.
- It set forth six commitments that should transform and strengthen the agri-food system on the continent.



Blue Ghost and RESILIENCE

SpaceX Falcon9 launched U.S.-based Firefly Aerospace's Blue Ghost Mission 1 and Japan-based ispace's RESILIENCE lunar lander.

About Blue Ghost Mission

- It will deliver 10 S&T instruments to the lunar surface as part of NASA's Commercial Lunar Payload Services (CLPS) initiative.
- It will conduct several first-of-its-kind demonstrations, including testing regolith sample collection, Global Navigation Satellite System abilities, radiation tolerant computing, and lunar dust mitigation.

About RESILIENCE

- It is part of ispace's Hakuto-R Moon Mission 2 which also includes **TENACIOUS** micro rover.
- Its commercial customer payload includes Water electrolyzer equipment, Deep space radiation probe etc.



Melanistic Royal Bengal Tiger

A Melanistic Royal Bengal Tiger was poached in the Simlipal Tiger Reserve (STR), Odisha.

- STR harbours the only population of melanistic tigers in the world. **About Melanistic Royal Bengal Tiger**
- Also known as Black tigers, however, they are not a separate subspecies.
- They have more black pigmentation or thick stripes on their body due to a single mutation in the gene Transmembrane Aminopeptidase Q (Tagpep).
- They are also described as being **pseudo-melanistic**, as they are not entirely black.
 - Melanism causes an increased production of melanin (produced) by melanocytes, and gives colour to hair, skin, and iris).



Shikari Devi Wildlife Sanctuary

Government of India has designated areas around Shikari Devi Wildlife Sanctuary as Eco-Sensitive Zones (ESZs).

About Shikari Devi Wildlife Sanctuary

- ➤ Location: Middle altitudinal range of the Himalayas in Mandi District, Himachal Pradesh.
- Named after the goddess Shikari Devi, to whom a temple is dedicated in the sanctuary.
- Streams: Juni Khud, a tributary of Beas River.
- It is recognised as an Important Bird Area by Birdlife International.
- **Vegetation:** Alpine pastures and Temperate Deciduous Forest. >
- Fauna: Asiatic Black Bear, Leopard, Barking Deer, Giant Flying Squirrel etc.



Siachen Glacier

4G and 5G Services deployed to Siachen Glacier.

About Siachen Glacier

- lt is a Piedmont glacier.
- Located in Karakoram Range (between Saltoro Ridge to the west and the main Karakoram Range to the east).
- Originates near Indira Col West and demarcates Central Asia from the Indian subcontinent.
- World's second-longest non-polar glacier (after Fedchenko Glacier in Tajikistan).
- Source for the Nubra River, a tributary of the Shyok (part of the Indus River system).
- Known as the highest and coldest battlefield.
- In 1984, India took its control under **Operation Meghdoot**.

Personality in News



Thiruvalluvar

15th January is celebrated as Thiruvalluvar Day.

About Thiruvalluvar

- He was a great Tamil philosopher, poet and thinker, thought to have lived in Mylapore, Chennai.
- Known for his Tamil literary work 'Tirukkural', a collection of couplets on matters like ethics, politics, economics and love.
 - ⊕ Tirukkural has been classified under three major headings: aram (righteousness), porul (wealth), ibam (enjoyment).
- Thiruvalluvar Statue was created by Indian sculptor V. Ganapathi Sthapathi in Kanyakumari, Tamil
- India's first Thiruvalluvar Cultural Centre will soon be inaugurated in Singapore.

Values: Righteousness, Compassion, and Justice.



























BHOPAL

CHANDIGARH

GUWAHATI

JODHPUR

4/4